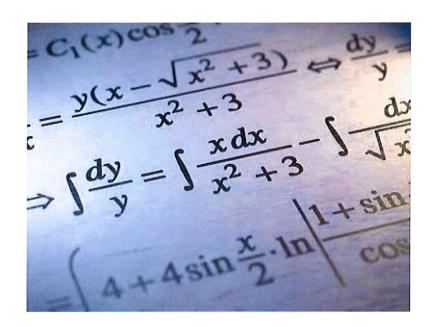
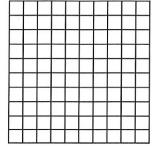
SUMMER PACKET FOR AP CALCULUS



Name:

- 1. Simplify $\frac{5(x+h)^3 5x^3}{h}$.
- 2. Sketch the graph of the piecewise function. $f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x-2} + 1, & x > 2 \\ \frac{1}{2}x 1, & 0 < x \le 2 \\ x^2 1, & x \le 0 \end{cases}$



3. Find the domain and range of each function. Find any symmetry (with respect to y-axis or origin).

a).
$$f(x) = -3(x+2)^2 - 1$$

b).
$$g(x) = 2\cos(x) + 3$$

c).
$$h(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 - 4}$$

- 4. Factor: $4x^4 19x^3 5x^2$
- 5. Solve the polynomial inequality: $2x^3 11x^2 6x \le 0$
- 6. Find y- and x-intercepts of the line which can be modeled by the equation $\frac{A}{B}x + \frac{1}{C}y = 5$. (A, B, C are constants)

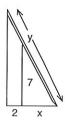
- 7. The equation of line L is 8x 14y = -3.
 - a) For what value of k is the graph of kx 7y + 10 = 0 parallel to line L?
 - b) For what value of k is the graph of kx 7y + 10 = 0 perpendicular to line L?
- 8. Write as a logarithm of a single expression: $\frac{1}{2}\log_b(3x+1) \frac{2}{3}\log_b(1-9x^2) + \log_b(1-x)$
- 9. Solve for x: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x-2}} \frac{2(x-2)^{1/2}}{x+1} = 0$
- 10. Solve for t: $\frac{d}{t+r} = \frac{5}{t}$
- 11. Solve for y': 3xy' 2yy' = k
- 12. For $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$, find $\frac{f(x+h) f(x)}{h}$.
- 13. Evaluate the expression at the specified value of x.

$$(3x^3+3)^{-\frac{2}{3}}, \quad x=2$$

- 14. At what points do the curves $f(x) = 2x^2 + x 5$ and $g(x) = x^2 x + 3$ intersect?
- 15. Find an expression for the area of the window as shown. It consists of a rectangle of height h and width w, with a semicircle mounted on top of the rectangle.

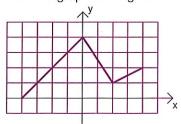


16. A ladder is leaning against a wall and touches the top of a 7 'fence which is 2 'away from the wall. Express y, the length of the ladder required, as a function of x, the distance along the ground from the ladder to the fence.



- 17. For $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$ and $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$, find the functions (f + g)(x), $(f \cdot g)(x)$, $(f \circ g)(x)$, $(g \circ f)(x)$, and $(f \circ f)(x)$.
- 18. Given $F(x) = \cos^2(x+9)$, find the functions f, g, and h, such that F(x) = f(g(h(x)))
- 19. A ship is anchored five miles from the nearest point P on shore. A person plans to row a straight line from the ship to a point x miles downstream from P. Find an expression for the distance the person will have to row.

20. The graph of *f* is given. Draw the graphs of the following functions.

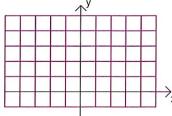


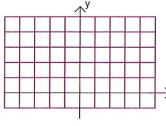
a)
$$y = f(x+1)$$

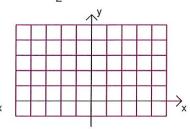


b)
$$y = f(x) + 1$$

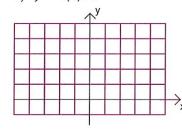




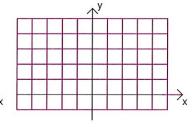




d)
$$y = -f(x) + 3$$



b)
$$y = f(2x)$$

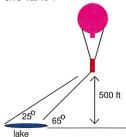


21. Write an equation for the line y = f(x), where f has the following values:

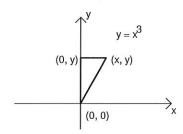
X	-2	2	4	
f(x)	4	2	1	

- 22. Find the points of intersections of the two curves $f(x) = 2^x$ and g(x) = 3.
- 23. Find exact value of the expression $5^{\log_5 6 + \log_5 7}$

25. From a stationary hot air balloon 500 ft above the ground, two sightings of a lake are made. How long is the lake?



26. A right triangle has one vertex on the graph of $y = x^3$, x > 0, at (x, y), another at the origin, and the third on the positive y-axis at (0, y), as shown. Express the area A of the triangle as a function of x.



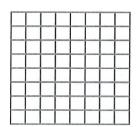
27. Determine whether the given quadratic function has a maximum value or a minimum value, and then find the value.

$$y = -x^2 - 10x - 3$$

28. If $f(x) = \frac{2x - a}{x - 3}$ and f(4) = 0, what is the value of a? Where is f not defined?

- 29. Write the partial fractions decomposition of $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 5x + 6}$
- 30. Write the following expression as single quotient in which only positive exponents appear: $(x^2+1)^{1/2} + x \cdot \frac{1}{2}(x^2+1)^{-1/2} \cdot 2x$
- 31. Factor: $4x^{1/3}(2x+1) + 2x^{4/3}$
- 32. Use the **signum function**. The signum function is defined by $sgn(x) = \begin{cases} -1, & x < 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \\ 1, & x > 0 \end{cases}$.

Sketch the graph of sgn(x).



Find the following limits (if possible):

a) $\lim_{x \to 0^{-}} \operatorname{sgn}(x)$

b) $\lim_{x \to 0^+} \operatorname{sgn}(x)$

c) $\lim_{x\to 0} \operatorname{sgn}(x)$

- 33. Find the limit: $\lim_{x\to 2} (3x^2 + 6)$
- 34. Find the limit: $\lim_{x \to 1} f(x)$, if $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 4, & x \neq 1 \\ 2, & x = 1 \end{cases}$

35. Find the horizontal asymptote (if any) for
$$f(x) = \frac{ax^3}{b + cx + dx^2}$$

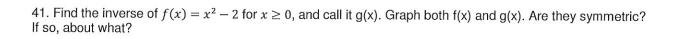
36. Find the horizontal asymptote (if any):
$$f(x) = \frac{2x-3}{x+2} + \frac{3}{x-5}$$

37. Find the value(s) of x for which
$$f(x) = \frac{2x+6}{x^2-9}$$
 is discontinuous and label these discontinuities.

38. Determine the intervals on which f(x) is continuous, $f(x) = \tan(0.5x)$

39. Let
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{|x|}$$
 and $g(x) = x - 1$. Find all the values of x for which $f(g(x))$ is discontinuous.

40. Find all vertical asymptotes of f(x) if $f(x) = \frac{-3x+3}{(x-1)(x^2+x-1)}$



42. Give an example of a function that does not have an inverse.

43. Is $f(x) = \sin x$ an even or an odd function (or neither)? Why?

44. Is $f(x) = \cos x$ an even or an odd function (or neither)? Why?

45. Is $f(x) = x^3 + 1$ an even or an odd function (or neither)? Why?